

Official United States Census	
Population 1910	29,279
Population 1900	15,906
Population 1890	10,338

FIRES BULLET INTO BRAWN IN ROOM

Adolph S. Schutz, a Well Known Young El Paso Native, Ends His Own Life.

WORRIED OVER A NOTE OF A FRIEND

Adolph S. Schutz, a salesman in Hixson's jewelry store, committed suicide Thursday morning at 7 o'clock at his room in the Wallace flats by shooting himself through the head. He was a son of Samuel Schutz, one of the pioneer El Pasoans. He is a brother of Edward Schutz, employed at the Lesinsky company, and a cousin of Adolph Schutz, assistant cashier of the American National bank.

The only reason assigned for the suicide was worry over a note which he had signed and which was held at one of the local banks. According to his friends, he had been troubled over the note for the past week. The bank, it is said, was insisting upon the payment of the note, which had been signed by Schutz as an accommodation. His mother, who has been at Hot Springs, Ark., for her health, was expected home Sunday and it is thought that he feared that his mother would learn of the note. Worry over this is thought to have caused temporary insanity resulting in the suicide.

Was Unmarried.

The deceased E. Schutz was 40 years old, unmarried, a Mason, and was well known in business and fraternal life of the city. He was engaged in business with his father, the late Samuel Schutz, on the site of the present Schutz building on San Francisco street. They conducted a furniture store until after the death of the senior Schutz, when Adolph retired from business and took a position with Emerson & Berrien. For the past year he had been employed at the Hixson jewelry store as a salesman. He was in charge of the construction of the new Schutz building belonging to his mother, which was only recently completed on the site of the old Schutz store on San Francisco street.

Has Several Sisters.

He was the oldest son of Samuel Schutz, deceased. His brother, Joseph, is now located in New York, having left El Paso a number of years ago. His younger brother, Edward, is employed at the Lesinsky company's wholesale house. He has six sisters, five of whom live in Albuquerque. They are: Mrs. Bella Dillon, Mrs. Noa Hield, Mrs. Berthold Spitz, Mrs. Carrie Grunfeld, Mrs. David Grunfeld, and Mrs. Henrietta Schutz, of Los Angeles, is also a sister. The mother and sisters of the deceased are expected to arrive Thursday night for the funeral. This will be in charge of McLean, Simmons & Carr and will be arranged for upon the arrival of Mr. Schutz's mother.

TOLSTOI ABLE TO DICTATE ARTICLE

Scowls When Son Arrives; Doesn't Know Wife Is Near Him.

Tula, Russia, Nov. 17.—Count Leo Tolstoy is still alive and slightly improved this morning. His condition, however, continues critical and a number of times in the last few hours the report has been circulated that the end had come.

The inflammation of the lungs was less menacing this morning. On the other hand, the weakness of his heart action caused the greatest anxiety. Countess Tolstoy has not been admitted to the sick room and even the fact of her arrival has been kept from Tolstoy lest the knowledge of her coming over-excite him.

The count was plainly angry when his son, Sergius, entered the room.

The novelist continues conscious and even has been allowed to dictate to his daughter, Alexandra, part of a new article.

It is reported that Count Tolstoy desires a reconciliation with the Greek church, from which he was excommunicated following the publication of his work, "Resurrection," in 1901. According to today's papers, the holy synod held a secret session yesterday at which the relations of the count and the church were discussed.

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FURS NOT FISHING

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 17.—That the wearing of furs has gone out of fashion is being claimed by William J. Erskine, manager of the Northern Commercial company, as a reason for the astounding fall in prices of raw furs, which affects all classes of skins from sea otter to muskrat, ermine being the only important one that did not fall in price. Muskrat skins, for instance, used in counter-fitting seal skins, have fallen 30 percent because seal skins are less fashionable and imitations consequently in less demand.

SUFFRAGE AND PROHIBITION BOTH KILLED

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 17.—Separate submission of prohibition and woman suffrage were killed by the constitutional convention, the vote on the former being 33 to 15, and on the latter 20 to 10. Many delegates are pledged to each measure, though not a majority.

The debate was acrimonious on each side. Burke, superintendent of the Arizona Anti-Saloon League is of the opinion that his cause prospered by the rejection, as the idea generally prevails that it would have been beaten.

ently seriously oppose the submission. The saloon element did not appear though the lobbyists present did not want it to get into the constitution direct.

Suffrage was killed largely because of its affiliation with the Labor party.

This final vote settles the questions.

NOT TO BUILD A PACKERY HERE

Morris Application Is Withdrawn—May Be on Deal For Cameron Franchise.

CITY MUST BE MADE CLEAN

Whether El Paso is to land one or two packing plants, or whether all chances have gone glimmering, a proposition which has been more or less discussed the past month, was not made any clearer Thursday morning at the meeting of the council when the application of W. N. Pence, asking for a packing house franchise, was withdrawn.

The refusal of Mr. Pence, who represents the Morris interests, to discuss the proposition after the council meeting, did not aid in the solution. He merely stated that the city council had not seen fit to act on the proposition and that it had been withdrawn.

The petition asking for a packing house franchise was filed with the city clerk on September 28 and passed the first reading at the council. Since that time, no action has been taken. There is a rumor that Mr. Pence is on a deal for the packing house franchise obtained by John T. Cameron and associates. The reason is given that Mr. Pence has been unable to obtain a suitable location for a plant of his own.

Members of the city council and mayor Kelly have been in favor of granting the franchise asked by Mr. Pence, and it is understood that action on the petition was deferred on the request of Mr. Pence himself.

May Go Outside City.

Since the request for a packing plant has been withdrawn from the council, the Morris company is reported to be considering a site outside of the city limits for the proposed packing house project. One of the sites said to be under consideration is at Canutillo, Tex., the new town up the river. Another is beyond the smelter, where the Santa Fe trackage is available. A third site is said to be down the valley. The Santa Fe railroad is reported to have made an investigation of the intentions of the Morris company with a view to locating the plant along its right-of-way above El Paso.

When the council did not take immediate action upon the request for a franchise W. N. Pence, the southwestern representative of the company, said that other sites were being considered and that it was not necessary to locate the plant in the city limits. Later he said that if favorable action was not taken by the council the project would be dropped.

CITY TO CLEAN UP

The city's cleanup campaign has evidently just been started, the council Thursday morning ordering the owners of houses alleged to be unsanitary appear before the body at the next meeting, Nov. 25, and show cause why the properties should not be condemned. A recommendation to that effect was included in the report of city health officer W. H. Anderson.

The houses are located near Second and Durango streets, on ground owned by C. C. Kiefer.

The houses are owned by Antonio Olivera, M. Jordan, O. Guerrero, Mrs. Esther Herrera, Augustin Lierra, Mrs. E. B. Manzanarez, Mrs. Gregorio Probenzio, Mrs. Marie Del Rayo Galindo, Faustino Y. Dominguez, Antonio Luera, Leonardo Ponce, Fidel Ponce. The report also recommends that houses located at 321 South Santa Fe, 210 Juarez alley and 320 South Broadway be condemned.

DEATHS EXCEED BIRTHS

Deaths exceeded births in El Paso the past week by four, according to the report of city physician W. H. Anderson, deaths numbering 19 and births 15. It was also reported that there are but three remaining cases of chicken-pox and two of typhoid fever in the city.

Inspections during the week included: meat, 217; meat condemned, 107 pounds; dairies, 50; slaughter houses, 20; meat wagons, 8; cattle, 24; hogs, 38; sheep, 116; calves, 80.

Wish More Light.

A petition asking for more lights in the south part of the city was approved.

(Continued on Page Two.)

PROMINENT STOCK YARD MEN ARE DEAD

Heart Trouble Causes the Deaths of Thos. Kelly and W. W. Shearer.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 17.—Two of the best known commission men at the Union stockyards died suddenly of heart trouble at their Chicago residences last night. They were Thomas Kelly and W. W. Shearer.

Mr. Kelly, whose fortune is estimated at \$3,000,000, was president of the National Livestock Commission company, with branches in St. Louis, Kansas City and Fort Worth. He was largely interested in Texas and Oklahoma lands and was one of the most extensive breeders of cattle in the country.

Mr. Shearer was a close friend of Mr. Kelly and had been connected with the Chicago stock yards for nearly 40 years.

TAFT RETURNING FROM CANAL TRIP

Panama, Nov. 17.—President Taft will sail for home today, delighted at the progress being made in the construction of the Panama canal and with the cheers of the Panamanians ringing in his ears.

The president will stop at Guantanamo, Cuba, for a brief inspection of the American naval base.

On his way home the president will dictate his general message for the approaching session of congress.

PREPARES FOR BIG FIGHT

Prohibition Question to Be Paramount in New Mexico Convention.

WILL NOT CREATE ANY MORE NORMALS

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 17.—The constitutional convention, when it reconvened this afternoon took up the supplemental report of the committee on education and two substitute sections offered by W. D. Murray and Acasio Callegos enumerating the territorial institutions and their land grants. The prohibition question will come up on Friday.

A debate developed today on account of the demand of eastern New Mexico for additional normal schools. But the convention will limit the number to three at present—at Las Vegas, Silver City and El Rito—at least as far as the use of the congressional land grants is concerned.

After this evening the convention will take up the revisions of the articles on mining counties and municipalities, state, county and municipal indebtedness and on legislative department, which will finish 12 of the 24 articles.

Tomorrow afternoon the committee on liquor traffic and prohibition will report and the last great fight on the convention floor will take place.

Delegates Arrested.

Much excitement was caused by the sergeants of arms of the constitutional convention being ordered to bring in sufficient members to make a quorum. The reading of the journal for the past 30 days had been made the special order of business and many delegates, who had been working strenuously at day and night sessions, deemed it a good opportunity to go to moving picture shows, make social calls or play a quiet game of cards. But all were torn ruthlessly from their diversions and as many as 20 delegates were taken from a moving picture theater to be arraigned before the bar of the house and to be lectured by J. W. Childers, of Texas, a Democrat, who scored his party representatives unmercifully for being thus neglectful of their duty.

Wednesday's Work.

Six more articles of the constitution were adopted Wednesday afternoon, making eight altogether, without any but clerical changes. The constitution is therefore completed as to preamble, names and boundaries, bill of rights, schedule, military affairs, public lands, compact with the United States and agriculture and conservation, leaving 12 more articles to be adopted upon being reported from the committee on revision.

New Propositions.

Two propositions were introduced yesterday, one by J. W. Childers, a Democrat, that no owner of stocks or bonds of a railroad corporation, and no employee of any railroad already built or to be constructed, shall be qualified to hold office in New Mexico except notary public and constable. Another proposition was introduced by Nestor Montoya, forbidding any man from holding two elective public offices, and was referred to the committee on miscellaneous provisions.

CARRIAGE MAKERS ASK FOR PENSIONS

Also Want to Take in Automobile and Aeroplane Builders.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 17.—Aeroplane building is recognized as a new branch of industry in a resolution presented to the convention of the American Federation of Labor today.

The carriage and wagon workers' international union in a petition to the federation set forth the decline in the carriage and wagon building industry and says it is due to automobiles and aeroplanes.

The members ask that their charter be broadened and the name changed to the Carriage, Wagon, Automobile and Aeroplane Workers' International union.

A resolution was presented to the convention that congress be asked to grant a pension of \$30 a month to carriage workers past 60 years of age.

SEND A VESSEL TO FIND MISSING BOAT

Two Hundred Fishermen Said to Be on the Overdue Wolverine.

Selkirk, Manitoba, Nov. 17.—The marine department today dispatched a relief party to look for the missing steamer Wolverine, which was reported overdue November 10. At that time it was said 200 fishermen from the town of Selkirk were on board. The steamer was last sighted on November 10, when it was reported to be on its way to Lake Winnipeg.

Lake Winnipeg is 300 miles long and 80 miles wide. Its shores are a wilderness inhabited by occasional tribes of Indians.

INSANE MAN TAKEN OFF TRAIN AT BENSON

Tombstone, Ariz., Nov. 17.—A passenger on the Southern Pacific train, believed to be insane, was taken from the train by deputy sheriff A. W. Howe at Benson. He had terrorized his fellow passengers and attempted to jump from the moving train. He flourished a knife, and when searched, a pistol was found in his chambers. He imagines he is being pursued by enemies for the alleged murder of a child. He had a ticket to Bakersfield, Calif.

BIG SPRINGS BARN BURNS

Big Springs, Tex., Nov. 17.—The residence and barn of J. P. Caruthers was destroyed by fire early this morning, 10 miles south of here, and the family narrowly escaped. A lamp exploded in the kitchen when a cat knocked it over. It is believed the loss is \$5000.

BULGIN HITS WOMEN CARD PLAYERS

Declares They Have a Slim Chance for Heaven—El Paso Morally Dead.

BEE HAS MORE SENSE THAN SINNER

Bulgin is still going after them, the them in this instance meaning the sinners. Here are some of the shots he fired last night.

The hardest woman in this town to save is the society woman who is burning herself out at the shrine of Diana. El Paso is (morally) dead and doesn't know it.

A bee has more sense than you El Paso sinners, for it knows the way home.

You were reared better but you came to Texas to make a fortune and laid aside your conscience.

There is no hell tonight which is so hot as the divorce court.

God Almighty pity the scoundrel who is awaiting for his affinity.

Change the man, not the environment, and he will get the proper environment.

Christian Science, theosophy, spiritualism are all philosophies without blood in them, for they do not recognize sin.

When God saves a fallen woman, he puts her back in his grace the same as if she had never sinned.

A harlot who has been saved has the right to sit in your church pew.

The legalized profligacy is the hardest prodigality to save.

The image of Christ is covered in El Paso with the dust of politics, money grabbing and commercialism.

Mexican Revival, Maybe.

A follow up campaign among the Mexican residents of El Paso may be undertaken after the close of the Bulgin meetings now in progress at the tabernacle. The congregations of the Mexican Protestant churches are considering a plan of having a Mexican evangelist come to El Paso and take charge of a series of meetings similar to the Bulgin meetings.

Bulgin is playing a double header engagement this week at the tabernacle. He is holding two meetings daily. In the afternoon he holds special services for the church members and in the evening his general meetings are held beginning at 7:30 with the musical program. Cottage prayer meetings are also being held each day. These are in charge of the women of the united congregations and are being directed by Mrs. G. L. Rose, wife of the evangelistic singer, and a committee of church women.

Puts Crooks in Pen.

In the course of his address Wednesday night, Dr. Bulgin referred to the experience he had in Shawnee, Okla., where he was sued for criminal libel by a number of county officers whom he had denounced in the pulpit. Three of these, he said, had been sent to the penitentiary on the evidence submitted by him and four others were on their way. He also told of the experiences he had had in fighting the Ku Klux interests in Oklahoma and the results to which he had been forced to submit.

AMERICAN GOLD IN BRITISH ELECTION

Charges Are Made That "Enemies of Country" Are Trying to Control.

London, Eng., Nov. 17.—Apparently an inspired statement today fixes Nov. 28 as the date of the dissolution of parliament. The government, it is asserted, designs to pass the budget before appealing to the country.

The American dollar will figure largely in the Unionist campaign was indicated by the excitement at the annual conference of conservative associates at Nottingham this morning when Henry Chaplin, a Unionist member of parliament for Wimbledon, denounced the government, which, he said, was banding over the rule of the country to the "sworn enemy of England, who with the aid of foreign millionaires, aspires to dictate our destinies."

WICKERSHAM IS MOST INDIGNANT

Then When Its Officers Are Fined a Few Thousand, It Cuts Workmen's Pay.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—Attorney general Wickersham exhibited indignation at published announcements that the Imperial Window Glass company of Pittsburgh, popularly known as the "window glass trust," intends to cut the wages of 500 to 700 employees 30 percent as a result of the fines which a federal court recently imposed. He declared the concern was let off lightly and that its profits had been 400 percent in 10 months.

The court fined the corporation \$2500 and the officers and directors small amounts, making about \$10,000 in all. The attorney general confessed his disappointment at the small amount of the fines imposed.

A statement of the department says: "The evidence obtained by the department shows that the Imperial Window Glass company was organized in April, 1909. It manufactured no glass, but was purely a selling agency, buying the entire output of 50 or more manufacturers of window glass in some 10 different states. It began business in January, 1910. By October 1, 1910, prices had been advanced 70 percent over what they were in April, 1909.

"The evidence showed that in the first three months of its operation the Imperial company earned profits equal to its entire capital stock.

"The largest advance in prices was subsequent to this initial period and the evidence showed that in the 10 months of its business, the combination cleared about \$1,000,000 or 400 percent on its capital stock.

"It leased 15 factories at high rental for the sole purpose of keeping their closed and removing their product from the market. Its expenses during this period were \$138,000 for one year for leases and watchmen of these closed down factories."

GATES BRINGS NEW YORK CAPITALISTS TO SOUTHWEST

Tulsa, Okla., Nov. 17.—John W. Gates, the multimillionaire, of Fort Arthur, Tex., and New York, arrived here today, accompanied by a large party of New York bankers and investors to investigate the southwestern business propositions, especially in Texas oil and gas fields.

Would Kill Rich Husband For Love Of Piano Peddler



Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 17.—Mrs. John O. Schenk, wife of the millionaire pork packer, of Wheeling, whom she is accused of attempting to kill by putting arsenic in his food and drinking water, is in her prison cell where she was placed pending the outcome of Mr. Schenk's illness.

He was taken to the Wheeling hospital two weeks ago, and is in a critical condition. It is said that Mrs. Schenk lavished money and jewels on Dan Phillips, a \$20-a-week piano salesman, and that a desire to marry her lover prompted her to poison her husband. She denies the charges, however.

Mrs. Schenk's chauffeur testified she said that she would see that he never wanted for anything more as long as he lived if he would run her husband over a cliff. Phillips, the piano salesman, has admitted that Mrs. Schenk lavished money and caresses on him, but denies all knowledge of the alleged poisoning.

The Wheeling millionaire is now lying in a critical condition in the hospital, where he was taken two weeks ago, when suspicion was first aroused, and Mrs. Schenk occupies a luxurious cell in the local jail pending the outcome of her husband's illness. Phillips has been examined by the authorities, but is still at liberty.

400 PER CENT ROOSEVELT IS PROFIT FOR NOT READING A TRUST TO QUIT

Then When Its Officers Are Fined a Few Thousand, It Cuts Workmen's Pay.

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AMERICAN SAILORS GIVEN WARM WELCOME IN PARIS

Paris, France, Nov. 17.—Groups of American blue jackets visiting Paris are everywhere objects of interest and are cordially welcomed. The men are being given shore leave from the battleship fleet in batches of 100 and 200.

GARMENT STRIKERS ARE RIOTING IN CHICAGO

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 17.—Rioters by striking garment workers broke out anew today in several parts of the city. About 300 strikers waited for hours near Gault court, where many Italian strike breakers live, and when the strike breakers appeared on their way to work they were attacked.

The police used clubs to break up the mob, which included many girls.

REVOLUTION IN MEXICO IS PROMPTLY WHIPPED

Was Being Engineered Following the Anti-American Uprising.

ALL QUIET ON TEXAS BORDER

Rifles of Revolutionists Are Seized by Officials in San Antonio.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—Everything is quiet along the Mexican border and the Texas authorities are taking the proper measures to obviate any possibility of clashes between citizens of Mexico and the United States.

According to a telegram received today by the state department from governor Campbell of Texas, the governor said he had no news of trouble at Uvalde, where a disturbance between Americans and Mexicans was reported.

Mexico City, Mex., Nov. 17.—A revolutionary movement with ramifications through at least 12 states of the republic has just been nipped through the vigilance of federal authorities.

This fact has just become known. The movement was attributed to Francisco I. Madero, erstwhile candidate for the presidency in opposition to Gen. Diaz, and Ricardo F. Magon, the revolutionist who recently served a prison sentence at Florence, Ariz., for violation of the United States neutrality laws.

Ammunition Distributed.

Arms and ammunition, it was said, had been widely distributed, and a concerted uprising on a fixed date was planned.

Secret agents of the federal government succeeded in seizing papers in which the plans of the revolutionists were outlined. Effective measures were taken at once to thwart the proposed insurrection.

Revolutionists Active.

A dispatch from Guadalajara declares that a high government official is authority for the statement that secret representatives of the anti-Diaz party, headed by Francisco I. Madero, now a resident of San Antonio, Tex., have been seeking to incite the lower classes of the population of that city and vicinity to rebellion against the federal government.

A large amount of money was said to have been distributed in promoting the movement.

Revolutionists Make Charge.

There are those in Mexico, and Mexicans, too, who charge that the recent anti-American riots in Mexico were incited by federal officials when the revolutionary plans were learned. In order to give the entire occurrence an anti-American rather than a revolutionary appearance if the revolution could not be curbed before it had assumed form.

Buyers Rifles in Texas.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 17.—It develops here that the high power rifles, which were found here by the federal officers, were purchased by Hugo Griesebeck, a friend of Francisco I. Madero, anti-revolutionist candidate for president in Mexico. Griesebeck says he bought them for speculative purposes and denies that they were intended for any revolutionary movement. Madero denies having any connection with the purchase.

Arms Seized.

One hundred 45-70 caliber rifles and 75,000 rounds of ammunition, shipped into San Antonio from St. Louis, were located Tuesday night near Dawson and Cherry streets, by Charles F. Stevens, of El Paso, a special agent of the department of justice, and deputy United States marshal Fred H. Lancaster.

These arms and ammunition are believed to be a part of the armament intended for revolutionists in an uprising in Mexico.

The consignment reached the city Monday and it was saving express charges thereon were \$470.

30-30's Rifles Only.

That the guns are not intended solely for hunting purposes has been made apparent by the fact that local purveyors have been confined to high power 30-30 rifles and that the men securing these were extremely particular about the model and caliber, thereby insuring a ready exchange of ammunition.

(Continued on Page Four.)